INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Hexagon socket countersunk head screws

Vis à tête fraisée à six pans creux



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10642 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, Fasteners.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10642:1997), which has been technically revised.

Hexagon socket countersunk head screws

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of hexagon socket countersunk head screws with threads from M3 up to and including M20, with product grade A and property classes 8.8, 10.9 and 12.9.

NOTE Particular attention is drawn to the note in Table 2 and to Table 3, concerning the limitation on ultimate tensile load.

If, in special cases, specifications other than those listed in this International Standard are required, they should be selected from existing International Standards, e.g. ISO 261, ISO 888, ISO 898-1, ISO 965-2 and ISO 4759-1.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 225, Fasteners - Bolts, screws, studs and nuts - Symbols and designations of dimensions

ISO 261, ISO general-purpose metric screw threads - General plan

ISO 888, Bolts, screws and studs — Nominal lengths, and thread lengths for general purpose bolts

ISO 898-1, Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

ISO 965-2, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 2: Limits of sizes for general purpose external and internal screw threads — Medium quality

ISO 965-3, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 3: Deviations for constructional screw threads

ISO 3269, Fasteners — Acceptance inspection

ISO 4042, Fasteners - Electroplated coatings

ISO 4753, Fasteners — Ends of parts with external ISO metric thread

ISO 4759-1, Tolerances for fasteners — Part 1: Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Product grades A, B and C

ISO 6157-1, Fasteners — Surface discontinuities — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs for general requirements

ISO 6157-3, Fasteners — Surface discontinuities — Part 3: Bolts, screws and studs for special requirements

ISO 8992, Fasteners — General requirements for bolts, screws, studs and nuts

ISO 10683, Fasteners — Non-electrolytically applied zinc flake coatings

ISO 23429, Gauging of hexagon sockets

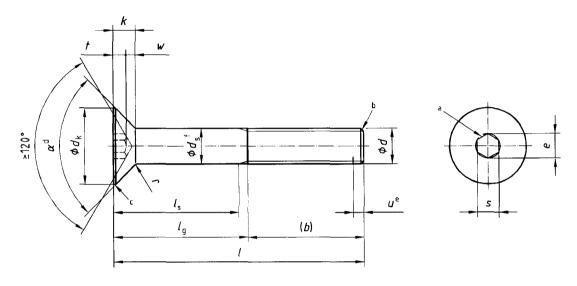
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3 Dimensions and gauging of head

3.1 Dimensions

See Figure 1 and Table 1.

Symbols and designations of dimensions are defined in ISO 225.



Permissible alternative form of socket

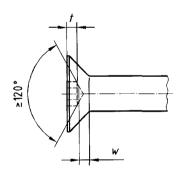
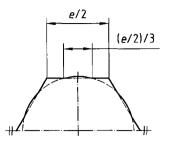


Figure 1 — Hexagon socket countersunk head screws

For broached sockets which are at the maximum limit of size the overcut resulting from drilling shall not exceed 1/3 of the length of any flat of the socket which is e/2.



- ^a A slight rounding or countersink at the mouth of the socket is permissible.
- ^b Point to be chamfered or, for sizes M4 and below, "as rolled" in accordance with ISO 4753.
- ^c Edge of the head to be truncated or rounded.
- ^d $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ à 92° .
- ^e Incomplete thread $u \leq 2 P$.
- ^f d_s applies if values of $l_{s, min}$ are specified.

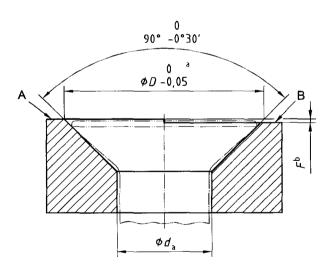
Figure 1 — Hexagon socket countersunk head screws (continued)

3.2 Gauging of head

See Figure 2.

The top surface of the screw shall be located between the gauge surfaces A and B.

Tolerances in millimetres



^a $D = d_{k, \text{ theor., max}}$ (see Table 1).

^b *I*' is the Flushness tolerance of the head (see Table 1).

Figure 2 — Flushness gauge

Table 1 — Dimensions

	Dimen	sions	in r	nillir	netres
--	-------	-------	------	--------	--------

	Thread (a	()	N	A3	N	1 4	N N	1 5		A 6	N N	18	M	10	N	12	(M	14) ^g		116		nimetre:
P^{a}	·		c),5	C),7	C),8	<u> </u>	1	1,	25	1	,5	1	,75		2		2		2,5
bb		ref.	· · ·	18		20		22		24		28		32		36		40	44		52	
da		max.	3	,3	4	,4	5	5,5	e	,6	8,	54	10,62		13,5		15,5		17,5		22	
,	d _k <u>theor. max.</u>		6	,72	8,96		11,20		13,44		17,92		22,40		26	6,88	3	0,8	33,60		40,32	
d _k	actual	min.	5,	54	7,53		9,43		11	,34	15	,24	19	,22	23	9,12	26	52	29,01		36,05	
		max.	3	,00	4,00		5,	,00	6,00		8,	8,00		,00	12	2,00	14	,00	16,00		20,00	
d_{s}		min.	2	86	3	82	4,	82	5	82	7	78	9,	78	11	,73	13	,73	15	,73	19	9,67
e ^{c, d}		min.	2,3	303	2,	373	3,4	443	4,	583	5,	723	6,8	363	9,	149	11	,429	11.	429	13	,716
k		max.	1,	86	2,	48	3	6,1	3	72	4,	96	6	,2	7,	44	8	,4	8	,8	10),16
F'e		max. 0,25 0,25		25	0	,3	0	35	0	,4	0	,4	0,	45	C	,5	0,6		0,75			
r		min.	0	,1	0,2		0,2		0	25	0	,4	0	,4	0	,6	0	,6	0	,6	0),8
		nom.		2	2,5		3			4		5		6		8		10	1	10	12	
sd		max.	2,	08	2,	58	3,	08	4,0	095	5,	14	6,1	140	8,	175	10	175	10,	175	12	,212
	min.		2,	02	2,	52	3,	02	4,020		5,02		6,0)20	8,025		10,025		10,025		12,032	
t	min.		1	,1	1,5		1,9		2,2			3	3,6		4,3		4,5		4,8		5,6	
w		min.	0,	25	0,	45	0,	66	0	,7		16		62		,8	1,	62	2	,2	2	2,2
	<i>l</i> f										Shank le	ngth l_s :	and grip	length l	g							
	1		l_s	lg	ls	lg	l_s	lg	ls	lg	l_s	lg	l_{s}	l_{g}	ls	lg	ls	lg	l_s	lg	ls	lg
nom.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.
8	7,71	8,29													ļ							
10	9,71	10,29																				
12	11,65	12,35																				
16	15,65	16,35																				ļ
	19,58	20,42																				
25	24,58	25,42																				
	29,58	30,42	9,5	12	6,5	10			ļ													
35	34,5	35,5			11,5	15	9	13														
40	39,5	40,5			16,5	20	14	18	11	16												
45	44,5	45,5					19	23	16	21	45.75											
50	49,5	50,5					24	28	21	26	15,75	22	45.5									
55	54,4	55,6							26	31	20,75	27	15,5	23								

Table 1 — Dimensions (continued)

60	59,4	60,6			31	36	25,75	32	20,5	28								
65	64,4	65,6					30,75	37	25,5	33	20,25	29						
70	69,4	70,6					35,75	42	30,5	38	25,25	34	20					
80	79,4	80,6					45,75	52	40,5	48	35,25	44	30	40	26	36		
90	89,3	90,7							50,5	58	45,25	54	40	50	36	46		
100	99,3	100,7		 	 <u> </u>				60,5	68	55,25	64	50	60	46	56	35,5	4

^a P is the pitch of the thread.

^b For lengths between the bold stepped lines in the unshaded area.

 $e_{\min} = 1,14 s_{\min}.$

^d Combined gauging of socket dimensions e and s, see ISO 23429.

^e F is the flushness of the head, see Figure 2. The gauge dimension F has the tolerance $-\overset{0}{\overset{-0.01}{$

^f The range of commercial lengths is between the bold stepped lines. Lengths in the shaded area are threaded to the head within 3 *P*. Lengths below the shaded area have values of *l*_g and *l*_s in accordance with the following formulae:

 $l_{\rm g,\,max} = l_{\rm nom} - b$

$$l_{\rm s,min} = l_{\rm g,max} - 5 I$$

^g The size in brackets should be avoided if possible.

4 Requirements and reference International Standards

See Tables 2 and 3.

Table 2 — Requirements and reference International Standards

Material		Steel						
General requirements	International Standard	ISO 8992						
Thread	Tolerance	6g for property classes 8.8 and 10.9; 5g6g for property class 12.9						
	International Standards	ISO 261, ISO 965-2, ISO 965-3						
Mechanical properties	Property class ^a	8.8, 10.9, 12.9						
mechanical properties	International Standard	ISO 898-1						
Tolerances	Product grade	Α						
Toterances	International Standard	ISO 4759-1						
		As processed.						
Finish		Requirements for electroplating are covered in ISO 4042.						
		Requirements for non-electrolytically applied zinc flak coatings are covered in ISO 10683.						
Surface discontinuities		Limits for surface discontinuities are given in ISO 6157- and ISO 6157-3 for property class 12.9.						
Acceptability		Acceptance procedure is covered in ISO 3269.						
12.9, specified in ISO 898-1, wh property requirements for proper head supported on a suitable col	en tested in accordance with test p ty classes 8.8, 10.9 and 12.9 specifie lar (conical bearing surface) using th imate tensile loads given in Table 3. I	the minimum ultimate tensile load for property classes 8.8, 10.9 and rogramme B. They shall nevertheless meet the other material and d in ISO 898-1. In addition, when full-size screws are loaded with the e type of testing fixture illustrated in ISO 898-1, they shall withstand, f tested to failure, the fracture may occur in the threaded section, the						

Table 3 — Minimum ultimate tensile loads for hexagon socket countersunk head screws(80 % of the values specified in ISO 898-1)

		Property class								
Thread (<i>d</i>)	8.8	10.9	12.9							
	Minimum ultimate tensile load									
		N								
M3	3 220	4 180	4 190							
M4	5 620	7 300	8 560							
M5	9 080	11 800	13 800							
M6	12 900	16 700	19 600							
M8	23 400	30 500	35 700							
M10	37 100	48 200	56 600							
M12	53 900	70 200	82 400							
M14	73 600	96 000	112 000							
M16	100 000	130 000	154 000							
M20	162 000	204 000	239 000							

5 Designation

EXAMPLE A hexagon socket countersunk head screw with thread M12 nominal length l = 40 mm and property class 12.9 is designated as follows:

Hexagon socket countersunk head screw ISO 10642-M12×40-12.9

ISO 10642:2004(E)

ICS 21.060.10 Price based on 7 pages

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