INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8750

Third edition 2007-04-15

Spring-type straight pins — Coiled, standard duty

Goupilles élastiques spiralées — Série moyenne



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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 8750 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, Fasteners, Subcommittee SC 10, Product standards for fasteners.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8750:1997), which has been technically revised.

Spring-type straight pins — Coiled, standard duty

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of coiled, standard duty spring-type straight pins made of steel or of austenitic or martensitic stainless steel, with a nominal diameter, d_1 , from 0,8 mm to 20 mm inclusive.

NOTE Spring-type straight pins, coiled, heavy duty, and spring type straight pins, coiled, light duty, are the subjects of ISO 8748 and ISO 8751, respectively.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 286-2, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts

ISO 3269, Fasteners — Acceptance inspection

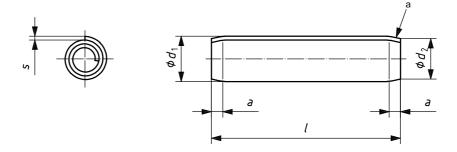
ISO 4042, Fasteners — Electroplated coatings

ISO 6507-1, Metallic materials —Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 8749, Pins and grooved pins — Shear test

3 Dimensions

See Figure 1 and Table 1.



a Swaged chamfer at both ends.

Figure 1

Table 1 — Dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

		nom.	0,8	1	1,2	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	20
d_1	before	max.	0,91	1,15	1,35	1,73	2,25	2,78	3,30	3,84	4,4	5,50	6,50	8,63	10,80	12,85	14,95	17,00	21,1
⁴¹ 1	mounting	min.	0,85	1,05	1,25	1,62	2,13	2,65	3,15	3,67	4,2	5,25	6,25	8,30	10,35	12,40	14,45	16,45	20,4
d_2	before mounting	max.	0,75	0,95	1,15	1,4	1,9	2,4	2,9	3,4	3,9	4,85	5,85	7,8	9,75	11,7	13,6	15,6	19,6
а		≈	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,7	0,7	0,9	1	1,1	1,3	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	4,5
S			0,07	0,08	0,1	0,13	0,17	0,21	0,25	0,29	0,33	0,42	0,5	0,67	0,84	1	1,2	1,3	1,7
	um shear	а	0,4	0,6	0,9	1,45	2,5	3,9	5,5	7,5	9,6	15	22	39	62	89	120	155	250
stre	ength,	b	0,3	0,45	0,65	1,05	1,9	2,9	4,2	5,7	7,6	11,5	16,8	30	48	67			
dou	ble, kN		0,3	0,43	0,05	1,05	1,9	2,9	4,2	5,7	7,0	11,3	10,0	30	40	07		_	
	l c	i																	
nom.	min.	max.		1		ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1			ı	1
4	3,75	4,25																	
5	4,75	5,25																	
6	5,75	6,25																	
8	7,75	8,25											ļ						
10	9,75	10,25																	
12	11,5	12,5																	
14	13,5	14,5																	
16	15,5	16,5																	
18	17,5	18,5																	
20	19,5	20,5																	
22	21,5	22,5								Range	•								
24	23,5	24,5																	
26	25,5	26,5																	
28	27,5	28,5									c	of							
30	29,5	30,5																	
32	31,5	32,5																	
35	34,5	35,5											comm	ercial					
40	39,5	40,5																	
45	44,5	45,5																	
50	49,5	50,5												ı	engths	3			
55	54,25	55,75																	
60	59,25	60,75																	
65	64,25	65,75																	
70	69,25	70,75																	
75	74,25	75,75																	
80	79,25	80,75																	
85	84,25	85,75																	
90	89,25	90,75																	
95 100	94,25	95,75																	
120	99,25 119,25	100,75 120,75																	
140	139,25	140,75																	
160	159,25	160,75																	
180	179,25	180,75																	
200	199,25	200,75																	
200	100,20	200,70	<u> </u>			l	l			l	l	l	l	<u> </u>	l				ı

a Applies to steel and martensitic corrosion-resistant steel products.

b Applies to austenitic stainless steel products.

^c For nominal lengths above 200 mm, steps of 20 mm.

4 Application

The diameter of the hole into which the spring pin is to be inserted shall be equal to the nominal diameter, d_1 , of the mating pin and to tolerance class H12 in accordance with ISO 286-2. For pins with a nominal diameter of 1,2 mm and below, the tolerance class of the hole diameter shall be H10 in accordance with ISO 286-2.

5 Requirements and reference International Standards

See Table 2.

Table 2 — Requirements and reference International Standards

	Ste	eel	Austenitic stainless steel	Martensitic stainless steel					
Material ^a	S	St	Α	С					
	All pin diameters	Alternative for pin diameters $d_1 > 12 \text{ mm}$	Chemical composition limits (chemical analysis) %						
	Chemical com (chemical a								
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{c} C\leqslant 0{,}15 \\ Mn\leqslant 2{,}00 \\ Si\leqslant 1{,}50 \\ Cr\ 16\ to\ 20 \\ Ni\ 6\ to\ 12 \\ P\leqslant 0{,}045 \\ S\leqslant 0{,}03 \\ Mo\leqslant 0{,}8 \\ \end{array}$	$C\geqslant 0,15$ $Mn\leqslant 1,00$ $Si\leqslant 1,00$ $Cr\ 11,5\ to\ 14$ $Ni\leqslant 1,00$ $P\leqslant 0,04$ $S\leqslant 0,03$ Hardened and tempered					
	420 HV to 545 HV Hardness testing accordir	ng to ISO 6507-1.		to a Vickers hardness of 460 HV to 560 HV Hardness testing according to ISO 6507-1.					
	Plain, i.e. pins to be suppl treated with a protective lu specified by agreement be supplier.	ubricant, unless otherwise							
Surface finish	If pins are surface coated coating processes should hydrogen embrittlement. I hydrogen embrittlement, pelectroplated or phosphat or phosphate coating is reprevention, by agreement supplier, it is mandatory the immediately after plating thydrogen embrittlement, sembrittlement relief according to the process of the pink of the process of the pink of the process of t	be employed to avoid Due to the risk of pins should not be e-coated. If electroplating equired for corrosion between customer and the pins be baked to minimize the risk of see also hydrogen ding to ISO 4042. The pins be baked to minimize the risk of see also hydrogen ding to ISO 4042. The pins be baked to minimize the risk of see also hydrogen ding to ISO 4042. The pins hydrogen utely guaranteed.	Plain, i.e. pins to supplied in natural finish.						
Workmanship	Pins shall be free of irregularities or detrimental defects.								
	No burrs shall appear on any part of the pin.								

Table 2 (continued)

Shear strength test The test shall be in accordance with ISO 8749.		The test shall be in accordance with ISO 8749.				
Acc	Acceptability The acceptance procedure shall be in accordance with ISO 3269.					
а	Other materials as agreed between customer and supplier.					
b	Use of Cr is optional.					

6 Designation

EXAMPLE 1 A spring-type straight pin, coiled, standard duty, with nominal diameter d_1 = 6 mm and nominal length l = 30 mm, made of steel (St) is designated as follows:

Spring pin ISO 8750 - 6×30 - St

EXAMPLE 2 A spring-type straight pin, coiled, standard duty, with nominal diameter d_1 = 6 mm and nominal length l = 30 mm, made of austenitic stainless steel (A) is designated as follows:

Spring pin ISO 8750 - 6 × 30 - A

Bibliography

- [1] ISO 8748, Spring-type straight pins Coiled, heavy duty
- [2] ISO 8751, Spring-type straight pins Coiled, light duty



Price based on 5 pages